

# THE SHOOTING SEASON

Is at hand. Don't delay sending your guns to us for repairs and be ready for the first. A new stock of guns and ammunition and hunting coats just to hand, at lowest prices at W. H. ADAMS' Sporting Goods Store, 76 Douglas street, N. B. We give a trial of every gun we sell if desired.

# The Daily Colonist.

**\$6.50 per ton**  
Household Coal  
**Hall & Walker**  
60 Government Street. Phone 88

VOL. XC., NO. 61.

VICTORIA, B. C., SATURDAY, AUGUST 22, 1903.

FORTY-FIFTH YEAR



## ENGLISH OAK GOODS

Our array of genuine English Oak Goods in our south window will attract the attention of all housekeepers for the next few days.

We ask you to particularly note the low prices on such beautiful ware:

BUTTER DISHES ..... \$2.75 to \$5.00  
BISCUIT JARS ..... \$3.75 to \$5.00  
SALAD BOWLS, WITH FORK AND SPOON ..... \$7.00 to \$15.00  
OAK TRAYS, LIQUOR SETS, SMOKE SETS, DINNER GONGS, ETC.

Why such low prices? Because we bought them for cash direct from the manufacturer in England. They are his best make, having the best silver-plated mountings and porcelain lining.

Would not some one piece greatly add to the appearance of your sideboard or buffet?

**Challoner & Mitchell,**  
47-49 Government Street.  
JEWELERS AND OPTICIANS.

## SATURDAY'S BARGAIN

AUSTRALIAN

## Boiled Rabbit

25c. PER TIN 25c.

**Dixie H. Ross & Co.** CASH CROCKERS

## THE HICKMAN TYE HARDWARE CO.

LIMITED.

HEADQUARTERS FOR THE FOLLOWING LINES

IRON AND STEEL  
BUILDERS' HARDWARE  
LOGGERS' AND MINING SUPPLIES

IRON PIPE AND FITTINGS  
MECHANICS' TOOLS  
LAWN MOWERS, HOSE GARDEN TOOLS.

32 and 34 Yates Street, VICTORIA, B. C.

TELEPHONE 59 P. O. DRAWER 613

## Finest Geneva Gin

Guaranteed over Two Years Old.

## Melcher's Red Cross

Red, Green and Violet Cases.

Bond and Duty Paid

**R. P. RITHET & CO., LD.,** PACIFIC COAST AGENTS.

## WALLPAPERS

FROM 4c PER ROLL UP. HANGING AT LOWEST RATES.

**W. MELLOR & CO., Limited.** 78 Fort St

## FOR SALE

City and Country Property of all descriptions.  
MONEY TO LOAN—At lowest current rates in small and large amounts.

**B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd.**

40 Government Street.

Property placed in our hands for sale will receive prompt attention.



## INDIAN AND CEYLON TEAS

ARE SUPERB.  
Try their Extra Quality at \$1.00 per lb.: same standard as used by Royalty.

**Hudson's Bay Co.,** Agents for B. C.

**HAY,** 50 Tons of Choice  
Nothing Better for Cows. Order Early  
**The Brackman-Ker Milling Co.**

## Mainland Happenings

**Terminal City Baseball Team Disbands and Players Sue for Pay.**

**Mike King Reported to Have Closed a Big Timber Deal.**

**But Principals Decided to Withdraw Their Land From Market.**

From Our Own Correspondent.

Vancouver, Aug. 21.—The Vancouver baseball team has disbanded and the players are suing for their salaries.

Mr. James Schater, general ticket agent for the C. P. R., has returned from a holiday trip to San Francisco. He stated that he had had a quiet rest from his arduous labors, but is quite satisfied to return home.

Mr. Watts, the boat-builder, who is considered an excellent authority on yachts, in speaking of the great yacht race, gave it as his opinion that the race is in the crew more than the yacht. That English crews are certainly not as competent as American crews, and this was why Lipton could not lift the cup, not because his yachts are slower than other yachts. Mr. Watts said he would go further and declare that Canadian crews were superior to Americans, and thus in minor races Canadian boats invariably won from the American boats for this reason. He would be willing to bet money if Canadian crews were put on the Shamrock she would be able to walk away from the Reliance.

Yachtmen have been few and far between of late. In fact, there is little or nothing doing in this line. It was reported that Mike King of Victoria had a large section of the Toronto and B. C. Timber Company's lands sold, and wired to Toronto to close the deal. Day the company wired back that they had taken their limits off the market.

The new service between Vancouver and Seattle will be inaugurated on Saturday by the placing of the Pacific Coast steamer Ramona on the run.

Next week there will be held in Westminster the twentieth convention of the Women's Christian Temperance Union.

A curious wager was made yesterday in Westminster between an American and an Irishman. If the Reliance wins, the Irishman will wheel the American the whole length of Columbia street in a wheelbarrow, and the winner to smoke a cigar in the meantime at the expense of the loser; and if the Shamrock wins, the conditions will be reversed.

Mr. E. J. Coy's and Mrs. Coy have returned to the city after spending some time in Winnipeg.

Mr. Robert Halliday, brother of Mr. John Halliday, M. P., and a prominent merchant of Chelmsford, Ontario, is in the province on pleasure. Mr. Halliday said he came here to see the country, and is very much impressed, particularly with Vancouver. Mr. Halliday left yesterday by the Chatter to visit Victoria.

Mr. Fred Grant, a nephew of Ald. Grant, and an accountant in the Bank of Hamilton, Brandon, who has been

## RAILWAY OFFICIALS' ANNUAL INSPECTION

**C. P. R. General Manager and Party Visit Granby Smelter Works.**

Grand Forks, Aug. 21.—D. McNeill, general manager of the C. P. R.; R. Marpole, general superintendent Pacific division; E. H. McHenry, chief engineer; J. W. Leonard, assistant general manager of Western lines, and P. F. Bastedo, divisional engineer, arrived here this afternoon by special train from Rossland. Mr. McNeill is making his annual tour over the Western lines paying special attention to the future requirements in the way of improvements owing to the rapid increase of traffic. He held a conference with A. C. Finnerfelt, vice-president of the Granby Smelter Company; H. N. Galer, assistant general manager, and Stuart A. B. W. Hodges in regard to coke and ore shipments in view of the enlargement of the Granby smelter. Mr. McNeill gave assurances that all the additional cars, sidetracks and engines for the enlarged service will be provided. The smelter is now operating four furnaces and two

## STILL DRAGGING ITS WEARY LENGTH

**Debate on the Transcontinental Railway Continues at Ottawa.**

From Our Own Correspondent.  
Ottawa, Aug. 21.—The strike in Booth's mill is over, and operations are in full blast tonight, the men having resumed at the old rate of wages.

Most of the second-class clerks of the civil service at a meeting tonight protested against their exclusion from the bill increasing the salary of certain of the civil service. They suggest an amendment to change this.

The debate on the transcontinental railway problem is dragging its weary length along. It will not terminate before the end of next week.

Mr. P. Duff of Victoria, goes to England with Hon. Mr. Sifton as counsel on the Alaskan Boundary question.

**FATHER AND SON KILLED.**  
Clinton, Ont., Aug. 21.—Thomas Webster and his little son were struck by a Grand Trunk train near here this morning and instantly killed.

## RUSSIAN SQUADRON CAUSES UNREST

**Fleet Ordered to Retire on Receipt of Turkey's Assurances.**

Paris, Aug. 21.—Official advices state that the Russian squadron off India is likely to leave Turkish waters within the next few days, as the Turkish government has given adequate assurances that it will meet all the Russian demands. The withdrawal of the warships, though due chiefly to Turkey's assurance, may also be attributed in some degree to Russia's desire to avoid a step which might appear to be antagonistic to Bulgaria.

London, Aug. 21.—The Turkish ambassador called at the Foreign Office this afternoon to make enquiries regarding the report that it was the intention of the Powers to make a joint naval demonstration in Turkish waters, and to enter a protest if anything of the kind was contemplated. The officials made it clear to him that Great Britain has taken no action of the character indicated. It appears as if Italy would also refrain from despatching warships to Turkey.

## Prosecuting Humberts

**Public Interest Grows More Intense as the Trial Proceeds.**

**Probable That a Verdict in the Case Will Be Given Today.**

**Labori Reflects Severely on Officials of Administration of Justice.**

Paris, Aug. 21.—Public interest is growing more intense as the Humbert trial is nearing its close. Although the general expectation is that a verdict will be rendered tonight, the court officials believe that the advocate-general will reply to Maitre Labori, leading counsel for the defence, thus postponing the verdict until tomorrow. Among those who had reserved places near the judges today was Senor Castro, wife of the ex-president of Venezuela. Maitre Labori today continued his address for the defence.

Maitre Labori caused a considerable sensation by a bitter denunciation of A. Cattui, the money-lender, for prosecuting the Humberts. Incidentally mentioning M. Valdeck-Roussemont and M. Valle's part in the prosecution, he declared the political party leaders had become degenerate, while M. Valle, he pointed out, had acted as attorney against the Humberts and afterwards, as Minister of Justice, supervised their prosecution. The charges of Maitre Labori, although avoiding specific accusations, reflected severely on the chief personages in the system of the administration of justice. The trial was adjourned till tomorrow.

**OIL WELLS ON FIRE.**

Beaumont, Aug. 21.—Fire this afternoon destroyed 25 derricks in what is known as the stone string district in "Our Lake City Fields." The flames were started by a man throwing a gallon of crude oil in the fire box to start a fire. Loss \$50,000.

**STENOGRAPHIC BANK CLERK.**

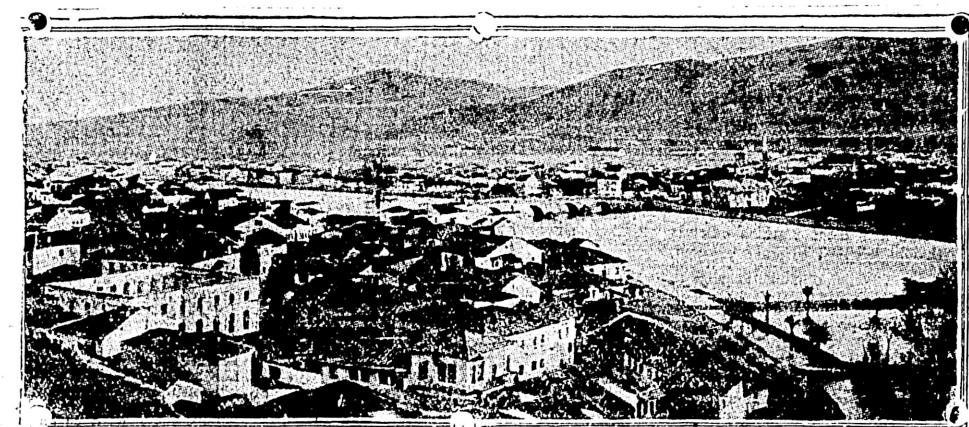
Seattle, Aug. 21.—John W. Dryden, clerk of the Washington National Bank, is under arrest, suspected of holding up the San Juan lodging house in this city. He denies the crime and the president of the bank believes him innocent. Dryden pulled a gun when arrested. He afterwards admitted he believed the officers to be burglars.

**PORTS WILL BE OPENED.**

Chinese Minister at Washington Confirms Report Made to Congress.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 21.—Sir Liang Chen-tung, the Chinese minister, called at the State Department today. He informed the acting secretary that he had received a despatch from his government confirming the statement that Prince Ching had informed the United States Minister in Peking that in the treaty to be signed on October 8th provision would be made for opening two ports in Manchuria.

## THE UPRISING IN TURKEY.



New York Herald Special Service.

**Town of Uskub, New Which The Fighting Took Place Last Saturday.**

additional furnaces will be blown in a month hence. This will give the Granby a daily capacity of 2,100 tons. Mr. McNeill made a thorough examination of the smelter, which he characterized as one of the most modern reduction plants he had ever inspected. The visitors then proceeded to Milway, Greenwood and Phoenix. At the latter point they will be shown through the Granby mines.

**GERMAN SOCIALISTS.**

Berlin, Aug. 21.—The Socialists are entitled to have appointed from their party one of the three vice-presidents of the Reichstag on account of their increased representation, and other parties appear willing to concede this. The Socialist leaders, however, differ as to whether they ought to accept the office, because it would limit their complete freedom of obstruction and opposition.

## Lord Salisbury's Condition

London, Aug. 21.—10 p.m.—A bulletin issued at 9:45 p.m. says: "There is a slight improvement in Lord Salisbury's condition, which, however, is still very serious."

## Fugitives Tell Painful Tale

**Defenceless Villages Burnt and Inhabitants Tortured and Killed.**

**Bulgarians Advised to Start war at Once to Head Off Turkey.**

Sofia, Aug. 21.—Fugitive families from Krushovo, who have arrived at Monastir, gave terrible details of the situation which prevailed in the town of Krushovo after the capture by the Turks. The latter, they say, acted like fiends, running from house to house and street to street, slaughtering everybody they met. The town is now a heap of ruins.

The Sofia Post prints a strong article urging the Bulgarians to prepare for war immediately, as delay can benefit only Turkey.

A despatch from Burges to the Autonomy says the town of Vinkovo and the villages of Crankov and Potravakovo are in flames, and the sound of cannon can plainly be heard from the Bulgarian frontier.

The Greek patriarch asked the Bulgarian exarch to address a circular note to the Bulgarian ministers and send teachers in Macedonia, urging them to remain quiet and not to fight against the Sultan.

The exarch replied that he was sorry that he was not in a position to serve the Sultan. As all the Bulgarian ministers and teachers had been cast into prison, and the churches and schools were closed, his voice could not be heard there—only the sounds of guns were audible.

The current rumors of the approaching mobilization of the Bulgarian army are semi-officially denied.

## FIRE IN MARMORA.

Marmora, Ont. Aug. 21.—The Catholic church here was destroyed by fire yesterday; loss, \$10,000.

## MOVING WESTWARD.

Large Party from Prince Edward Island for Northwest.

Halifax, N. S., Aug. 21.—(Special).—Seven hundred young men and women left today over the Canadian Pacific to make new homes in the Northwest. They were all from Prince Edward Island. They are of the very best class. Another 275 men left to work as harvesters.

## WEEKLY BANK CLEARINGS.

New York, Aug. 21.—The bank clearings for Canada are as follows: Montreal, \$20,474,348; decrease, 12.8. Toronto, \$14,275,049; decrease, 2.0. Winnipeg, \$3,141,300; decrease, 13.1. Halifax, \$1,683,112; increase, 1.3. Ottawa, \$2,391,512; increase, 13.3. Vancouver, for Mainland of British Columbia, \$1,300,124; increase, 20.1. Quebec, \$1,874,704; increase, 4.5. Hamilton, \$1,213,842; increase, 50.4. St. John, N.B., \$1,050,505; increase, 26.2. Victoria, \$169,786. London, \$818,130. Total, \$48,200,398; decrease, 3.7.



M. Frederic Humbert.

## ADASKAN EXHIBIT.

Washington, Aug. 21.—Assistant Secretary Ryan has appointed Governor Brady of Idaho, and Louis L. Williams of Kansas, Alaska executive commissioners for the Adaskan exhibit at the St. Louis Exposition.

## LABOR TROUBLES IN SAXONY.

Crimmitschau, Saxony, Aug. 21.—About 7,500 textile workers of this district have struck for shorter hours of labor. The police broke up four meetings because non-resident officials of the Textile Workers' Union addressed the meeting. A strike mass meeting was allowed to continue.

## MANAGER ARRESTED.

Employee Accuses Former Employer of Stealing Tools.

Toronto, Aug. 21.—J. W. Harkom, manager of the Canada Foundry Co., was up before the police magistrate of Toronto Junction yesterday, charged with stealing tools from John French, a Scotch moulder who was brought out to take the place of the striking moulders, but soon left the company's employ. His tools were held by the company, who claimed French had been advanced money to bring him here, and also to pay his board. The case was adjourned.

## IAN HAMILTON'S VISIT.

Toronto, Aug. 21.—Col. Otter has received a letter from Gen. Ian Hamilton, in which he says he will visit Canada next month.

## PASSENGERS FARE BADLY.

Quebec, Aug. 21.—Word was received here last night that the steamer Carolina which left here on Wednesday for Saguenay, went ashore at midnight in the latter river six miles from Tadoussac. It is expected she will float with calm weather. There are 315 passengers on board, principally Americans, and although some were landed on the rocks in the steamers' boats, the majority walked ashore in their night gowns and suffered greatly from the cold and wind. Yesterday morning a tug took the passengers to Tadoussac, many of whom being unable to secure their clothing were wrapped in rugs and blankets.



M. Frederic Humbert.

## GAMBY ARRIVES.

Winnipeg, Aug. 21.—(Special).—R. R. Gamby, of Gore Bay, Manitoulin Island, Ont., arrived in Winnipeg this morning on a business trip.

## STRIKE DECLARED OFF.

Cumberland Men Now Signing Two Years' Agreement to Work.

Cumberland, Aug. 21.—The men are signing a two years' contract today, and the clerks are still busy this evening making out forms. There is an utter collapse of the strike.

## G. A. R. CONVENTION.

Close of Session in San Francisco Yesterday.

San Francisco, Aug. 21.—The National encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic closed its 36th annual session this afternoon after a protracted morning session. The newly-elected officers, with the exception of Junior Vice-Commander Kessler, who is now on the way from the Philippines, were installed. The report of the various retiring officers was adopted, and a vote of thanks given each for efficient service. It was recommended that a telegram be sent to President Roosevelt favoring the resolution to pension veterans over 62 years of age, which was adopted yesterday morning.

## OVERHAULED ONCE MORE.

New York, Aug. 21.—The International Mercantile Marine coast steamer St. Paul left this port today for Philadelphia to be overhauled.

## AN OLD FIRM FAILS.

Winnipeg, Aug. 21.—(Special).—One of the oldest mercantile concerns north of Toronto failed yesterday, when B. Fair & Company, general merchants of Collingwood, made an assignment. Toronto houses are considerably interested in the failure, their claims being fairly heavy. It is believed that the Fair estate also have claims against the property.

## MUNSEY'S NEWSPAPER.

Orders of Court Issued Restraining Sale of New York News by Auction.

New York, Aug. 21.—Supreme Court Justice Davis today handed down a decision in which he granted the application of Col. Wm. J. Brown, for a temporary injunction restraining Frank L. Munsey from selling the plant of the Daily News at auction. The justice says the sale of the paper at this time would not be to the best interests of the stockholders, and states that unless proceedings are brought within ten days from the date of this order for a dissolution of the corporation and the appointment of a receiver, he will appoint a receiver.

**AMERICAN BUSINESS DRIVING ASSN.**  
Orders promptly filled by  
**R. P. RITHET & CO., LTD.,** Wholesale Dealers, Victoria, B. C.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

his signature is on every

Laxative B.

Advertise in the Colonist!

J. COYLE  
H. G. P. A. Vancouver, B. C.  
60 Government Street, Victoria, B. C.



## Congress Holds Last Session

Commercial Bodies of the Empire Bring Montreal Meeting to an End.

Many Resolutions of Importance Passed at Final Sitting Yesterday.

Montreal, Aug. 21.—The Congress of the Chambers of Commerce of the Empire brought its business sessions to a close at 1 o'clock today. Several resolutions were passed, while many were either dropped or left over until the next gathering. Resolutions were adopted which called for a change in the patent law, the administration and codification of the commercial law of the Empire, the removal of the embargo on Canadian cattle imported into Great Britain, and the equipment of light-houses and lightships with wireless telegraphy. Then came the subject of technical education, and the proceedings became more interesting. The speakers included Charles Levesque, Librarian, H. B. Irving, Vancouver, and Geo. R. Davies. The resolution was finally passed, and the subject of labor disputes came up. The resolution called for the adoption of voluntary conciliation, but Frank Hathaway, St. John N. B., desired to have it made compulsory. After a lively discussion, Hathaway's proposal was voted down by a large majority. After this came votes of thanks to the Montreal Board of Trade and its officers for the good work they had done, and finally a cable to King Edward assuring him of the loyalty of the congress was de patched, and the meeting was over.

This afternoon the delegates were guests of the city at a reception held on the Mountain, and tonight Lord Strathcona gave a large dinner party. Tomorrow the delegates go to Ottawa, returning on Sunday, and leaving on Monday morning on their trip, which, before it is ended, will have taken them into every province of the Dominion except Prince Edward Island. The itinerary covers ten thousand miles.

## LORD SALISBURY'S END APPROACHING

The Ex-Premier Suffering From Bright's Disease And Unconscious 24 Hours.

London, Aug. 22.—The gates of Hatfield were closed at midnight with the announcement that there had been no change in the patient's condition since early in the evening, and that no other bulletin was expected until the morning. Newspaper correspondents representing the whole press of the United Kingdom, are gathered at Hatfield anxiously awaiting further news. The general belief is that His Lordship will last through the night; but there is little expectation that the improvement shown last evening will prove more than a last flicker.

The Associated Press correspondent is able to confirm from the best sources at Hatfield, the Lancet's statement that Lord Salisbury is suffering from Bright's disease. The ex-premier has been suffering from this malady for years, and has been practically dying since Whit-sunday. His condition was aggravated by the recent fall from his chair. He has been practically unconscious for the last 24 hours, a brief interval of sensibility forming the basis for last night's not unfavorable bulletin.

It is realized that death is inevitable, though the patient is making a wonderful struggle. For the past 24 hours he had been fighting for every breath, helped by a continual supply of oxygen.

London, Aug. 22.—3:30 a.m.—Lord Salisbury is still alive, but his condition is slightly worse since the early hours of the morning. The respite commenced at 1 a.m. The former Premier is now weaker and unconscious.

N. Y. STOCK MARKETS.

Lessened Range in Fluctuations. Forecasts Period of Speculative Rest.

New York, Aug. 21.—The lessening range in the fluctuations in today's stock market, its irregular tone, and the diminishing volume of business indicated pretty clearly the approach of another period of speculative rest, which is likely to mean small trading and sluggish fluctuations until some marked change in the conditions develops. The rally which developed yesterday afternoon was carried forward this morning to the extent of between one and two points for the active stocks. The rally was apparently directed against the shorts, and was effective in inducing them to cover largely. This served as an ammunition to the bears that forces existed to oppose their efforts to force prices lower, just as the reaction on Tuesday had an availing effect on the over-indulgent bulls. A comparison of prices of 20 active railroad stocks indicated that the decline in average price from the high level of 1902 to the low level of the early part of the present month, reached something over 45 points. The only substantial intervening rally was in the latter part of last year and the first part of this under the influence of what Wall Street has come to call the "Faith Cure," consisting in intimations from an ill-fated party of bankers, last fall, when bank reserves were falling, that they stood prepared to supply \$30,000,000 of credits to the stock market, if necessary, to avert trouble. That measure postponed the process of liquidation, but did not avert it, and it is evident that the course the market has run had its inception previous to this. The rally in the average price of the same 20 stocks up to the culmination of Tuesday, is estimated at 11 points. The reaction of yesterday's low point was in the neighborhood of the point at which the upward movement did not fail to overcome that. The actual weakness developed by the United States Realty stocks was a factor in checking the advance, but it was not the only factor. After the rally the market rallied, and the day's weather map was reported and corn eased off in consequence. Total sales, par value, \$1,169,000.

## E. & J. BURKE'S THREE STAR OLD IRISH WHISKY

Soft mellow Blended Whisky produced by age and high quality

## HUGE FOREST FIRES.

Large Tracks of Valuable Timber Goes Up in Smoke.

After The Ball.

Body in Evening Dress With Head Blown Off Found at Denver.

## Revolution Is Spreading

Bulgarian Army Now Facing a Turkish One Across Frontier.

Expected That Uprising Will Cover Macedonia in Another Week.

Sofia, Aug. 21.—All the despatches received here today indicate that the revolution in Macedonia is spreading. This situation is causing intense anxiety in official circles. The most alarming news relates to an attack covering a considerable area in the eastern part of the Adrianople viliayet, where the insurgents have captured the town of Vasiliko.

They took the chief Turkish officials prisoners and brought them to the Bulgarian frontier, where they liberated them. The Turkish officials, fearing to return to Vasiliko, sought refuge with the Bulgarian authorities, who sent them to a hotel in Burgas, where they are at liberty to remain or depart. The insurgents burned the villages around Vasiliko and attacked a Turkish military post at the monastery of Eljilij. The eastern frontier, where the revolution is spreading, is a mountainous region, and the villages are few and scattered. The strength of the insurgents is unknown. It is thought that the outbreak is an organized movement, but is intended to draw the Turkish troops from other districts. The particular danger of the latest outbreak lies in its proximity to the Bulgarian frontier, where the situation long foreseen and dreaded by the Sofia government. The Turks are now preparing to send a considerable force to this territory to suppress the outbreak, which will necessitate the strengthening of the Bulgarian troops along the frontier. With the two armies close to each other under the present strained relations, the situation becomes extremely desperate. The Bulgarian government is taking every possible step to prevent a calamity, but the officials express the greatest concern.

In addition to the danger of a collision between the military forces, there is no smaller one of popular excitement getting beyond control and forcing the government to adopt a belated attitude. Meanwhile the community remains quiet, even the Macedonian part of the population showing no popular anxiety and enthusiasm.

The insurgents completely burned Vasiliko and also twelve villages in the neighborhood. The Bulgarian officials refused the insurgents who brought the Turkish officials at Vasiliko to the Bulgarian frontier.

Severe fighting is reported to be progressing near Gehege, with heavy losses on both sides.

The Sofia Dnevnik declares that all the Turkish viliayets in Macedonia will be in full revolt August 28, and that the Bulgarians are sending from Salonika into the districts toward Seres.

Oil Fire Extinguished.

Sour Lake, Tex., Aug. 21.—The fire in the Sour Lake oil fields was finally extinguished last night, and this morning all wells were about cleared of debris and all things have been, or are being, put in shape to resume work. The loss is over \$50,000.

Dominion Iron and Coal.

Fight Between Two Interests and Prospects of Big Lawsuit.

Montreal, Aug. 21.—Whether or not there is going to be a big fight between the interests represented in the Dominion Iron and Coal company is a topic which is interesting local financiers today. It now transpires that the Steel company directors have refused to carry out the proposal to resign in favor of the Dominion Iron and Coal company, and intend hanging on to that property. James Ross stands for separation, but is opposed by Sir William Van Horne, Senator Ross, and R. B. Angus. Mr. Ross has resigned his connection with the Steel company, and so the effect of the refusal of the Steel company is to leave Mr. Ross without anything to manage. An effort is still being made to get Mr. Ross to agree to accept a position of one of the other directors, and it is learned that he has finally agreed to take the matter into his consideration. He is still in New York, and will be away for some days. If when he returns he has decided to hold to his original views, the prospects are good for a big lawsuit. The proposition made to Mr. Ross was that the surplus earnings of the Coal company should continue to be used for the purposes of the Steel company, and that any betterments the Coal company requires should be provided for by the Steel company out of capital.

THE GLOW OF HEALTH.

When the blood is rich and pure there is a beautiful glow to the complexion which speaks of the vigor and vitality of the system. There is no more certain way for pale, weak people to attain the glow of health than by using Dr. Chase's Nervine Food, the great food cure which forms new, rich, red blood and creates new nerve force.

50 down Regatta St. Williams, damaged by water. 50c. each. B. Williams & Co.

## Pretty Ceremony At Boy's School

Presentation of the Governor-General's Medal to Master Don Herbert.

Interesting Programme Enjoyed By Good Attendance of Visitors.

The Boys' Central school was yesterday afternoon the scene of a very pretty ceremony—the presentation of the Governor-General's medal, which was won by Master Don Herbert.

The presentation of the medal was won by Master Don Herbert, a pupil of the school. The successful candidates at the recent examination for entrance to the High school received their certificates, and the Hibben cup was entrusted to the school for another year.

An invitation had been extended to the parents and their friends, and quite a number were in attendance. R. L. Drury, chairman of the Board of School Trustees, presided, and the proceedings were opened by the scholars singing "The Maple Leaf Forever," classes being led by Mr. Salloway. This was followed by the orchestra, which was made up of the pupils and teachers.

Trustees Mrs. Jenkins and Alfred Huggert then presented the High school certificates, including at the same time in poem and appropriate speeches. After a piano solo by Master Clayton, Major Hibben presented the Hibben cup, congratulating the school on having won it for the second time. This came the voice of the day—the presentation of the Governor-General's medal by Supt. Robinson and Principal Gillies. They gave great praise to the school for winning such a splendid "set of prizes"—the Hibben cup for two years in succession, the medal and also the Hibben cup.

After the presentation, which was the signal for much applause, a very enjoyable concert solo was rendered by Master Herbert, who was the recipient of loud applause.

Mr. Drury announced that Don Herbert had won the prize presented by him for the annual recitation of the day—the recitation of the Governor-General's medal by Supt. Robinson and Principal Gillies. They gave great praise to the school for winning such a splendid "set of prizes"—the Hibben cup for two years in succession, the medal and also the Hibben cup.

Short speeches commendatory of the excellent showing made were given by Rev. Dr. Campbell, Rev. W. R. Allen, and Mr. Drury. The latter, in his capacity of the province, who was a very interested spectator of the proceedings.

OPEN AIR DOG SHOW TODAY

An Interesting Event to Lovers Of Canines at Caledonia Park.

There is every indication that the open air dog show, to be held today at the Caledonia grounds, under the auspices of the Victoria Kennel Club, will be a great success.

C. B. Yandell and Wm. Hodgson will act as judges, the former handling the pointers and setters, and the latter all other breeds. The show will be thrown open at 10 o'clock, and judging will be immediately commenced.

As an extra attraction "King Edward," the pacing dog owned by H. G. Hammond, of Seattle, will give an exhibition. He is a pacing dog, and is said to be a fast horse, besides giving a sample of his pacing powers. The retrieving contest is expected to prove especially interesting, as there are twelve entries in this event. The winner will be presented with a handsome special prize. The dogs will give an exhibition of retrieving will have prizes provided for the test of their training. The decision will be given the dog which does the work most satisfactorily.

The bunting dog will give exhibitions at 3, 4 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon, and the retrieving will take place at 3:30 p.m.

The list of entries is as follows:

St. Bernards—His Highness, W. F. Hall; Star of the North, E. F. Hedberg; Victoria Chief, Mrs. H. E. Davis.

Bull dogs—Hans, G. G. Sweney; Greyhounds—Trenno, F. Leroy; Jeff, Dr. G. A. Milne.

Collies—Woodman Ranger, Haggard Bros.; John Bull, H. J. Laidlaw; Rev. E. G. Miller; Roy, W. Eastin; Shilo, L. Berkett.

Scottish terriers—Tatters, Mrs. W. A. Ward; his slave to George, H. J. Laidlaw.

Bull terriers—Jerry Bradley, T. Rossler; Walter, H. Koon; Jessie, W. Murray.

Fox terriers—Kilhearn, H. Kearns; Roundhouse, H. J. Laidlaw; Bessie, Mrs. J. J. Bostock; Butler, H. G. Florence; Wander, Beverly, G. Florence; Tim, H. Anderson; Gudgeon of Oaks, W. F. Hall; Dolly, W. E. Cruise.

Irish water spaniels—Miss, G. A. Kerr; Mike, L. C. P. LeDuc; Judge, A. W. Vowles; Tim, D. G. G. Dunn; Murphy, G. F. Dunn; Jane, D. H. J. Dunn.

Irish setters—Pat J. Rogers; Pat, James Wallace; Punch, E. Carlow; Nipper, E. G. Hall; Bob, Wm. Atkins; Koot, Wm. G. Hall.

Field spaniels—Waverly, H. R. Ross; Munro, Barney, J. R. Jennings; Zulu, M. C. Davis.

Chow chow spaniels—Prince, S. E. Clyde; Queens, John Douglas; Silver King, C. E. Stephens; Princess, Mrs. Ross; Bonnie, Charlie, Miss E. Skinner; Little, Andrew, Mrs. Trimmer; Jessamine, Mrs. J. W. Crighton; Jessamine, Pearl, J. W. Crighton; Jessamine, Pearl, J. W. Crighton; Jessamine, Pearl, J. W. Crighton.

English setters—Diamond, S. Robertson; Blue Rock, W. M. Davis; Jack, Lena McBurnie; Col. Stag, D. H. E. Davis; St. Nicholas, A. C. Davis; Col. Stag, D. H. E. Davis; St. Nicholas, A. C. Davis; Col. Stag, D. H. E. Davis; St. Nicholas, A. C. Davis.

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## THE SERVANT QUESTION AGAIN

Victoria Hotelkeepers Are Once More Slightly Up Against It.

Last evening a representative of the Colonist, observing that a well known city hotelkeeper was wearing an unwelcome cloud of thought and worry on his brow, drew near with sympathetic queries as to the cause of the same.

"Oh, it's the old trouble—help; we can't get enough, and we can't get what we want. I am certainly up against it. The hotel is crowded with guests, and while we could be doing with the best, we have to put up, very often, with the worst. Some of them are all right, but there's a lot of deadwood. People employing help always find more or less difficulty with the servant problem, but the hotels here are certainly getting it hard just at present, just when the best of the rush is on foot.

"Is this trouble confined to Victoria?"

"Oh, no; it's general, from Atlantic to Pacific, and some of the biggest houses are the worst off. I've no doubt at all that all of the worries to which the hotel proprietor or manager is exposed, this servant question is easily the worst."

"Do you mean that they won't do as they are told?"

"No; that's not it here; it's simply scarcity of competent help, in the first place, and annoyance over the increasing stupidity of a large proportion of the help we have to use, in the second place. In the East the trouble is mainly with the unions. Most of the help there is trained pretty well before taking an engagement. I notice that one hotel proprietor in the East writes in despair that his help just do as they please, I can sympathize with him; there's a lot of truth in that."

"If the remuneration attractive?"

"I guess it ought to be \$20 to \$22, and even, for skilled help, \$25 a month and all found."

"That would about equal \$10 a month, straight cash?"

"Yes, and more."

"What are you doing to meet the difficulty?"

"Well, I'm scouring the whole country round trying to get the help we want, but it is very scarce."

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## A MINISTER SPEAKS TO THE MOTHERS

Dr. T. A. Slocum, Limited—Within the last two years my wife (who is of a delicate constitution) has had two severe attacks of a gripe, both of which have been speedily corrected by the use of Dr. T. A. Slocum, Limited.

"Oh, it's the old trouble—help; we can't get enough, and we can't get what we want. I am certainly up against it. The hotel is crowded with guests, and while we could be doing with the best, we have to put up, very often, with the worst. Some of them are all right, but there's a lot of deadwood. People employing help always find more or less difficulty with the servant problem, but the hotels here are certainly getting it hard just at present, just when the best of the rush is on foot.

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## The Colonist.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 22, 1903.

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No. 27 Broad Street, Victoria, B. C.

A. G. SARGISON, Managing Director.

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The above will be paid for information that will lead to the conviction of any one stealing "The Colonist" from a subscriber's door. Subscribers missing their paper, or where paper is not delivered on time, are requested to notify the business office. In case of non-delivery a second copy will be delivered free of charge.

## THE LIBERAL PLATFORM.

Our Vancouver correspondent said yesterday morning that six new planks had been added to the Liberal platform. But we notice that some of the six new planks appear to be substitutions for planks in the original platform. For instance, the original platform contained as section four, the following somewhat grandiose but rather impracticable declaration:

Immediate construction of the Coast-Kootenay railway; the Cariboo railway; the extension of the Island railway; a railway from Alberni to a point on the East coast of the Island; a road in the Northern part of the province from the coast to the Eastern boundary, with an extension to the Northern boundary, the railway from Vernon to Midway by north fork of Kettle River, with necessary branch lines, ferries and connections.

Such a plank in the platform of any provincial political party is, of course, absolutely disingenuous. No indication is given of how a provincial government could bring about the "immediate" construction of such a vast system of railways. Their "immediate" construction is simply decreed with a fine assumption to the government of a power it does not possess. Certainly they are all desirable. So are many other things. Babies cry for the moon, but grown men have to be contented with a slice of cheese. A plank like that treats the electors of the country like a cliche of guardianless infants. Apparently it has been modified by the Vancouver committee. There is one clause, however, of the Liberal platform which we notice has not been touched. It reads as follows:

As the province can only advance by the settlement within its borders of thirty and prosperous citizens, and as Orientals never become citizens in any proper sense of the word, we declare it to be the duty of the government to discourage Oriental immigration, and employment by every means within its power, and we appeal to our fellow Liberals throughout the Dominion to aid us in our efforts to protect ourselves against the ruinous competition of men having a standard of decency and self-respect lower than that of civilized peoples, and who shirk every duty and obligation of citizenship which the law will allow them to escape.

Excellent sentiments, excellently expressed, but surely the Vancouver committee should have dealt with this plank in some way. It is understood by one section of the Liberal party in one way, and by another section of the Liberal party in precisely the opposite way. One section of the Liberal party interprets this plank to mean the active prosecution of the provincial policy in reference to the question, the other section the substitution of the pro-Japanese Laurier policy. It is an odd way, but a typically Liberal way of reconciling differences, to produce a platform with a double meaning, so as to enable a candidate in one part of the country to defend the Ottawa policy, and a candidate in another part of the country to attack it, and advocate the provincial policy. "This is not compromise, but double dealing. Because no elector has any means of finding out which interpretation will determine the action of the party in the legislature. Yet this subject has apparently not been touched by the Vancouver committee. It is the same at all points of impact between provincial and Dominion policy. These are carefully ignored. We are aware that the provincial Liberal party is in a difficult position. A Dominion election is coming on. It would be rather awkward if the Conservatives could go to the provincial Liberal party for material against the Laurier government. But the only alternative for the provincial Liberal party is to defend the Laurier government, and share in its general and growing unpopularity in the province of British Columbia. We wish the party joy of its dilemma, and particularly we extend condolences, and commiseration to its leader, Mr. Martin. To ignore the difficulty and attempt to deceive the electorate as to its existence, until after the election, is not the way of meeting the situation we should choose ourselves. We should hope that under no circumstances would the Conservative party palter with the rights of the province in the sphere of provincial politics, no matter what party happened to be in power at Ottawa. But perhaps the Liberal party can find no other way of dealing with the irreconcilably antagonistic elements in its own ranks.

## PEACE OR WAR.

In the Far East things are drifting rapidly towards war between Japan and Russia. But it is quite possible that some things which appear to enhance the probabilities of war may really be the guarantees of peace. The serious danger of the Balkan situation is the possibility of Russian intervention. Russia has always regarded Constantinople as the goal of her policy in Southeastern Europe, and the discontent of the Balkan States as her means of reaching that goal. Can she avoid intervening at the present time without losing the leverage she possesses through the sympathies of the Slav subjects of the Sultan? If she can avoid interference she will do so, because Japan, hardly to be withheld as it is, would strike at once upon the outbreak of a Russo-Turkish war. Turkey can subdue the Bulgarians and the Macedonians and all

the rest of them, if Turkey is left alone. And Turkey's subjugation is not regarded less thorough by any humanitarian sentiment. If Turkey is allowed to work her will, she is likely to be a great power in the Balkans for many years to come, and as a consequence, a greater ability on her part to withstand the advances of Russia. So far the demonstrations made by Russia have been of a sort to encourage the Balkan rebels. But between demonstrations and overt acts of war there is a mighty gulf, and it is quite possible that the situation in Manchuria may prevent Russia from active participation in the politics of Southeastern Europe for the present, and if for the present, for a long time to come. On the other hand, the passivity of Russia in the Balkan troubles is bound to have a sobering effect upon Japan. The concentration of Russian power upon the shores of the Pacific makes her so much the more restless and menacing to Japan. The situation appears to be, that where the simultaneous ignition of two sparks is necessary, the danger of a general conflagration is lessened. If we regard the position of affairs in Europe alone, or if we regard the position of affairs in Manchuria alone, the outlook for war is undeniably great. But if we regard them together, there is certainly an element of hope in the danger accruing to Russia who would be the chief actor in both conflicts. At the same time, there is imminent danger of war, and if once the torch is lighted he would be a wise man indeed who could predict where the blaze would end. A war between Russia and Turkey would be most easily regarded by Great Britain. Russia, seated on the Dardanelles, would be more dangerous to Great Britain than either Germany or Russia in the Persian Gulf. It would require an immense expenditure of force to protect the route to India through the Suez Canal. British sentiment is to some extent against the Turk, but British interest demands the maintenance of Turkey in Europe as a protection to British naval power in the Mediterranean. For Great Britain to be involved in a great war with an administration in control of her affairs so weak and inept as the present government, would be nothing short of a calamity, apart altogether from the fact that war is always calamitous. In spite of the costly lessons of the Boer war, not one single effective step has been taken for the reform of the army. The vis inertiae of the War Office is stronger than the nation, and Great Britain is apparently unable to reorganize the force upon which the Empire may at any time have to depend for its continued existence. The struggle on the Pacific is one in which Great Britain is not so immediately concerned, but it is one in which the ultimate issues for the British Empire are greatest of all. Nor are we in any sense ready to engage in it. So far as the Colonies are concerned, the question of Imperial defence is in a perfectly chaotic condition. Yet every self-governing colony of the Empire has vast and paramount interests on the Pacific Ocean. We in Canada look forward to a great commercial future on the Pacific Ocean. We look forward to sharing with our sister colonies of Australia and New Zealand the burdens and glories of our Empire in this hemisphere of the globe. But with an overflowing treasury, with an active and aggressive people, what are we doing to see to it that our legitimate necessities as a maritime power upon the Pacific are fully and adequately met? Have we any policy worthy of our future or suitable to our necessities? If we have it is not visible. Therefore, upon all grounds, we must hope for peace, both on the general grounds that if the rivalries of nations can be settled without war, it is better for humanity, and on the more particular ground that if war comes and the Empire is involved, we are in poor condition to engage in it. Still, a survey of the danger, as it exists, may serve to awaken the citizens of the Empire to issues of self-protection and efficiency, issues which continued peace and prosperity are apt to cause them to neglect.

## POOR VICTORIA.

The following article appeared recently in the Nanaimo Free Press:

"If there is a capital on the face of the earth so utterly provincial in its spirit, and so completely devoid of any one which is to realize the real significance of the name 'metropolis,' we have not heard of it. To the average Victorian it would seem that all British capital is crowded into London, Victoria and that which is not Victoria, and that of the two the former is far and away the greater. The conception that the growth and development of other centres on Vancouver Island must contribute to the growth of his own city has never dawned upon the average inhabitant of the capital who, in his civic capacity, is a policy of blind selfishness steadily year in and year out. Not even the crumbs are allowed to fall from the table that other island centres may share the benefits of having the capital on the island a luxury which they have, however, the privilege of paying."

"Examples of the treatment accorded to this city by Victoria are given last evening at the meeting of the Board of Trade, where it was clearly demonstrated that instead of passing visitors along to Nanaimo, they were sedulously kept as far as possible from learning of the existence of a port without the business of which Victoria would not be the Victoria she is."

"Another recent instance which may be cited is the gold brick and silver spent here. She forgets that every dollar spent here benefits her in a secondary degree, and that by a more enlightened policy she might induce the spending here of many dollars which under no circumstances would be spent there. It is some comfort, however, to remember that Victoria can stand this kind of thing less well than Nanaimo. The inclination to sell business anywhere but to Victoria last night is not a new growth, and Victoria wholesalers would probably be surprised to learn how much they sell to the island. There was a time when the capital held the whole island in fee from a business standpoint, but the failure of

her people to recolonize, and the ill-concealed sentiment of contempt entertained by them for other places, has cost them an immense amount of business already, and bids fair to continue to cost them more to their own city limits."

"This dreadful diatribe has been, we believe, excited by the fact that the British journalists could not go to Nanaimo, and by the fact that a letter addressed to the secretary of the Board of Trade here was not answered. Before a city accepts a reputation such as that indicated in the article of the Free Press, it really ought to deserve it. We hope the Board of Trade has received no letters from other towns during the secretary's absence, because one fulmination of this kind, due to a cause for which Victoria is no more responsible than the Sultan of Turkey, is enough. As for the British journalists, they left Victoria at nine in the morning and did not get back till half-past ten at night. They had an enjoyable, but an exhausting day. Lady Smith was made their objective point simply to allow them to see the copper smelter there, in which they might be presumed to have a special interest, because the Tye mine is operated by a London company. If they had gone to Nanaimo they could not have seen anything except Nanaimo. They could not have seen anything of the resources and industry which make Nanaimo the prosperous and active city that it is. The main object of those who had their visit in charge was to amuse and interest the visitors, and their view of lumbering at close quarters, they themselves would not have missed for anything. It was a unique experience to them, illustrating an industry distinctly Canadian, and a Western Canadian at that. A hurried visit to Nanaimo without opportunity to see the mines, would not have made up for it. The article in the Free Press, as it refers to the general feeling in Victoria towards Nanaimo, is both discourteous and based upon a complete misapprehension. Business in Victoria is immediately affected by any change affecting the prosperity of the coal mines on Vancouver Island, and none know it better than the merchants of Victoria. Of course a city studies its own interest, and not that of other cities. But where the advantage of other cities makes for its advantage, it is not likely to show an unreasoning and unreasonable hostility. The article in the Free Press betrays a very cheap and petty spirit, and we only hope that there are as few people in Nanaimo who agree with it, as there are in Victoria whose conduct at any time may have given excuse for it."

## THE DUMB SHOWS.

To the Editor.

Sir,—The Orpheum, whose motto is, "The dumb is none too good for its patrons." In reserving a chair for Mr. D. W. Higgins, not only obtained a rocking chair, but attached a string to it to enable one of the employees to work it so that Mr. H. would be able to see the performance in comfort for the magnificent sum of ten cents. The management has also arranged a black and white by which this special chair, as well as all others in the house, may be instantly changed, and thus leave the way clear for Mr. H. and others to escape "the case of fire." One of the employees of the house will follow close at hand with one of the dumb shows, and doubly protect him from the great danger which is supposed to menace the patrons of this theatre. A carriage will be in waiting at all times to convey him to a place of safety.

M. T. BERTY.

## PROVINCIAL PRESS.

Shipments of fruit of all kinds indigenous to the district are being rushed from the coast to the interior to enable many caravans to be sent out daily. Potatoes are also being shipped to the interior. The ranchers in the Okanagan apparently had a better market in the North-West and Manitoba for their products than they do on the coast.—Kamloops Standard.

D. R. Young is operating the Monashee mine, about 20 miles west of Egre valley, working a force of about twenty men. This mine was one of the first quartz properties to be opened in this province, the claims having been crown granted in 1883. There is a mill and extensive buildings on the ground, over \$100,000 having been spent in opening the property up. The mine was shut down in 1898, but it is claimed that there is still plenty of good ore in the workings.—Nelson News.

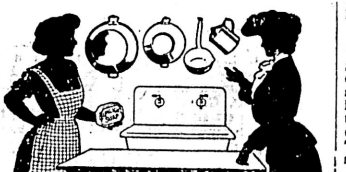
The police have been notified that a number of parties are using dynamite for the purpose of killing fish in the Elk, and have taken steps to ascertain who the guilty parties are. On Sunday last the river was covered with dead fish from the unlawful practice, and all true sportsmen should be in bringing the law-breakers to justice.—Fernie Free Press.

Nell Cochrane of Rossland, who arrived in Republic last Saturday, has taken full charge of the Mount Lion mine and is employing men to resume work on that property immediately. The Republic & Kettle River railway has had several cars of dynamite shipped to the Mount Lion dump, and these are now being loaded. Mr. Cochrane says he will at first ship from 100 to 200 tons of ore per day to the Republic smelter. If this is done, the mine cannot use all of the ore it is probable that some of it will go to the Hall Mines smelter at Nelson. He expects to do considerable exploratory work on the lower levels, but it is not probable that he will resume sinking the shaft for two months at least.—Rossland Miner.

Her many friends in Revelstoke were shocked to hear of the death of Mrs. E. E. Ward, wife of the manager of Molson's bank, which occurred on Monday afternoon. Although unexpected, her decease was much regretted by a large circle of friends and great sympathy is felt for Mr. Ward in his bereavement. The funeral, which was private, took place at one o'clock noon, the services at St. Peter's church being conducted by Rev. C. A. Proctor and attended by a large number of friends of the deceased. The church was a large number of floral tributes which showed the high esteem in which she was held in the community. The pall bearers were Mr. E. E. Ward, Mr. J. B. Ward, Mr. C. Carter, G. S. Flindt, Van Koughnet and Forbes. The services at the church were choral and Mr. Bourne played the "Dead March" from Sam at the conclusion.—Revelstoke Herald.

## RESIDENCES.

A colored preacher recently enlightened his congregation in regard to the conditions existing in the interior regions in the following manner: "Brother, I have been asked how hot in hell, and I will say, after giving the subject considerable reflection, that if you took all the wood in York State and all the coal in Pennsylvania, and all the oil in the world, and set all on fire, and put a man out on hell, and him in that



Sunlight Soap brightens and cleanses everything it washes. Quite as good for cleaning household utensils as washing clothes.

"burnin' mess, he would freeze to death before he had it! Dat's how hot in hell!"—Hudson (Mo.) Free Press.

A gentle satire on the attitude of those laborers who spend more energy in talking about the rights of workmen than in earning them appears in The King.

"What's the matter with old Fred?" asks one workman.

"He's got a splinter in his 'and," says another.

"Why don't he pull it out?"

"Wot! In his dinner hour? Not likely!"—Youth's Companion.

"You say your conscience prompted you to pursue this course?"

"That's what I said," answered Senator Sorghum. "I concluded that I couldn't conscientiously refuse all that money."—Washington Star.

Editor—How did you find out so much about the proceedings of that woman's club?

Reporter—It was a secret meeting they held.—Judge.

Mr. Ad. Myers—Miss Peebles is a very pretty girl, is she not?

Miss Chellis—Yes, she is not.—Philadelphia Press.

MEN AND THINGS.

An additional honor has been thrust on President Loubet. Busts of that celebrity are being sold in the London streets by Italian hawkers.

"You will see me hung on that tomorrow," said a Battersea commercial traveler named Buny, producing a piece of string from his pocket. At the inquest the jury returned a verdict of temporary insanity.

Miss Mand Earl, the animal painter, had recently been granted permission to paint the King's Irish terrier Jack for a collection of pictures entitled "Terriers and Pets," she is painting. As the King never allows his favorite dog to be separated from him, the "sittings" took place at Buckingham Palace, where Miss Earl had a room arranged as a stable, in which Jack sat to her, except during breakfast and lunch times, when his presence was desired at the King's table. Last Sunday afternoon Miss Earl was asked to the Palace to show the picture to the King and Queen.

The nineteenth birthday of Prince Adalbert is a founder of the interesting fact that the Emperor's son is rapidly attaining manhood. Prince Adalbert, who, like his Royal uncle, Prince Henry, has embraced a naval career, is being instructed just now in torpedo-bomb service. He has completed his theoretical training, and will depart in eight weeks' time for a two years' period of active service in East Asia on board the first-class cruiser Albatross. During the first twelve months of this period, His Royal Highness will do duty as a midshipman, and will then be promoted to the rank of lieutenant.

Major Francis Edward Younghusland, C.B.E., the leader of the British mission now on its way to Tibet to discuss with the Chinese and Tibetan authorities the question of improved commercial relations between India and Tibet, is a member of a famous Anglo-Indian family. Major Younghusland joined the Dragoons in 1882, and has been connected with the Foreign Department of the Government of India since 1883. In 1882 he was attached to the Staff of the British Resident in Kashmir and went to Chitral as Political Officer. He accompanied the expedition sent to the relief of the besieged garrison, and acted as correspondent of the Times.

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Vancouver, B. C.

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SELECT BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL

For young ladies. Thorough English, French, German, Latin, Art and Music Departments on best footing. Course of Music same as Montreal Conservatory.

Diplomas conferred on Students completing Senior Course. Special Courses also in Harmony, Pipe Organ and Stringed Instruments. Complete Business Course, Telegraphy, Bookkeeping, Stenography, Typewriting. Largest list of pupils in positions in city. Special Course in Education and Physical Culture. Every variety of Fancy Needlework taught.

School term opens Sept. 1st, 1903. For prospectus apply to the Academy.

DeKOVEN HALL

A Select Boarding School for Boys.

Combines School Discipline with Home Influence. Character Building. Thorough English. A Distinctive Feature. Receives Twenty Boys of Good Character. Prepares them for College or Business Life.

Naval Discipline. Cadets instructed in the management of boats and Coached in Crews, Singles and Doubles.

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A High-Class Residential and Day School for Girls thoroughly equipped in every department.

## SPENCER'S

WESTERN CANADA'S BIG STORE.



The New Furniture seems to be what the People want. The sale offerings include some wonderful values. You would pay more for them elsewhere at our regular prices, and the reductions are quite large. We'll send the furniture home at your convenience—now, or later on in the Fall.

Office Desks	Unique Hall Furniture	Rockers
QUARTER CUT OAK ROLLER TOP	Half Settee Chair and Rocker, upholstered antique leather. Value \$100, for \$81.	COBBLER SEAT ROCKERS. Value \$6.50, for \$5.50. Value \$5.75, for \$4.75. Value \$5.00, for \$4.25. UPHOLSTERED ROCKERS. We mention two specials at \$4.00 and \$3.75.
Regular value \$35.00, for \$25.00.	Quarter Cut Oak Settee and Chair, hand carved back and side. Value \$90, for \$72.50.	Upholstered Couches
Regular value \$45.00, for \$35.00.	High Back Hall Chair, richly carved. Value \$45, for \$39.	See windows TODAY for a few sample pieces. One covered with Blue Plush. Value \$25, for \$18.50. One covered with Silk Tapestry. Value \$27.50, for \$17.50. One covered with Dark Blue Tapestry. Value \$12.50, for \$8.75. (Any 50 other styles.) French Tapestry. Value \$28.50, for \$19.75.
Regular value \$60.00, for \$45.00.	Settee and Chair, carved back. Value \$42.50, for \$34.00.	
Regular value \$80.00, for \$65.00.	12 different styles of Hall Chairs, \$10.50 to \$18.50.	
Regular value \$87.50, for \$67.50.		
Regular value \$90.00, for \$70.00.		
QUARTER CUT OAK FLAT TOP		
Regular value \$25.00, for \$19.50.		
Regular value \$30.00, for \$22.50.		
SPECIAL		
Home Desk, with three drawers, \$9.75. Value \$15.00.		

## WASH GOODS

More Crepe de Chene

## Today Ten Cents per Yard

A Clean-up Sale of Wash Goods at Ten Cents per yard; a number of pieces were 35c a yard in this lot. Among the new arrivals during the past two days are:

Valenciennes Laces, Chiffons, Walking Hats, Dress Goods, Clothing, Veiling

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1. Four years' course for a degree (B.Sc.) in Mining Engineering, (b) Chemistry and Mineralogy, (c) Mineralogy and Geology, (d) Chemical Engineering, (e) Civil Engineering, (f) Mechanical Engineering, (g) Electrical Engineering, (h) Biology and Public Health.

2. Three years' course for a diploma in (a) Mining Engineering, (b) Analytical Chemistry.

For Calendar apply to the Secretary, School of Mines, Kingston, Ont.

## CROFTON HOUSE

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A Boarding and Day School for Girls. The Michaelmas Term will begin on Wednesday, September 2.

For all particulars apply to the principal, MISS GORDON, (Late of Newnham College, Cambridge.)

## Victoria Day School

FOR GIRLS.

10 Harrison Street.

Conducted by Mrs. Blacklock, Principal; Miss Messenger, Assistant Teacher; Miss Killo, Drawing; Miss Hill, Music. Certificate of the University of Toronto.

The Michaelmas Term will begin on Wednesday, 2nd September, 1903. For all particulars apply to the Principal, Mrs. Blacklock, 230 Fort Street.

160 ACRES

Twenty-five acres ploughed, clear of stumps, and fenced, good land. New orchard, 4-roomed log house. New barn, 20x50, good spring.

Price \$3,000

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42 GOVERNMENT STREET.

TO CAMPERS

A regular car service is given daily by the Tram way Company to Oak Bay and the Willows. Car leaves Government Street terminus for Oak Bay and the Willows at the hour and every twenty minutes thereafter; for the Willows at 10 minutes past the hour and every twenty minutes thereafter. Campers making use of this service will find it a great boon, as the terminus at Oak Bay, as well as that at the Willows, are both within easy distance of the favorite camping resorts.

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## MILK AND DAIRY BUSINESS

## FOR SALE

This is a good opportunity for a live man. The stock consists of: 30 Milk Cows; 4 Delivery Horses, Harness and Carts, and all Utensils incidental to the Milk Business.

The purchaser can have the option of buying in addition to the above 27 Hens one to two years old; 1 General Purpose Horse, Harness and Wagon, and about 20 Tons of Hay.

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A boat load of hay just to hand. Get our prices on dock.

Sylvester Feed Co., 8739 YATES STREET, TEL. 413.

## Politics Begin To Simmer

Jardine Liberal Nominee in Esquimalt-Hawthornthwaite Socialist in Nanaimo.

Ladysmith Conservatives Organize--Shatford For Similkameen.

At Esquimalt yesterday a meeting for the purpose of electing a Liberal candidate was held, with ten delegates present, representing the different districts in the riding. Two candidates were proposed, Mr. George Powell and Mr. John Jardine. Mr. Jardine received six votes and Mr. Powell four. Mr. Jardine being consequently declared nominated as the Liberal candidate, which is another victory for Mr. Joseph Martin.

On Wednesday evening an organizational meeting of the Conservative party was held in Ladysmith. It was very well attended and a good deal of practical organization work was done. Mr. Andrew Bryden, manager of the Extension Colonies, was elected president; Mr. Cairns, of Cedar, vice-president; and Mr. F. H. Marshall secretary-treasurer. A convention for the purpose of nominating a candidate will be held on Saturday, the 20th instant. The meeting was addressed by Hon. Charles Wilson, president of the council, who drew attention to the salient features of the Conservative party and the necessity of organization, also loyalty to the candidate who should be nominated. Hon. R. F. Green, Minister of Mines, also addressed the meeting, offering a few practical suggestions as to the advisability of organizing for the campaign. Mr. D. B. Bogle conveyed to the meeting the good wishes of the executive of the party in Victoria.

Mr. Andrew Bryden's name is persistently mentioned in connection with the nomination in the Conservative interest in the Nanaimo district.

Mr. Clive Phillips Wolley emphatically contradicts the rumor which has gained circulation that he had accepted the Conservative nomination in Alberni, which had been offered him.

Referring to the letter of Mr. Herman, the Alberni candidate at Port Esquimalt, liberating Hon. A. E. McPhillips for his alleged statement that the voters should vote only for men of their own race, the News-Advertiser of Vancouver says, editorially:

"The incident has been seized on by Opposition journals as suitable for campaign purposes, and we observe that already newspapers in the interior are republishing Mr. Herman's letter with a view of discrediting the government in the eyes of a section of the electorate. We are told that the Attorney-General has assumed an outrageous attitude towards naturalized British subjects, that he denies to them the privileges and amenities that go with full and loyal citizenship, and that he does not consider the naturalized British subject to be as good a citizen as the natural born Britisher. And it is attempted to cast a slur on Mr. McPhillips by the suggestion that even if he holds such sentiments he need not have given utterance to them."

"The object of circulating these things is plain enough. It is hoped to prejudice the minds of electors of foreign birth against the government by the suggestion that its members do not regard them as their fellow-citizens. The British Columbia and that when there are representatives of the two classes in the field as candidates, the electors should vote for the British-born candidate. It is an outrageous method of conducting an election campaign, and one that will be condemned by every intelligent person, since it is calculated to arouse animosity and ill-will among those who should live in peace and good neighborhood. Many of the best citizens of British Columbia, as of other parts of Canada, are of foreign origin. They are welcomed here, and our institutions enjoy every privilege and right that British-born people possess as soon as they become naturalized. No

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PROGRESS from infancy to sturdy, healthful youth is safeguarded and made secure by the use of Nestle's Food. Sold all over the world for the past thirty years. Now being used by the third generation of mothers.

If you have a baby, send us your name and address, and we will forward you, prepaid, a large package of Nestle's Food, sufficient for eight full meals. Address

LEEMING, MILES & CO., Sole Agents, MONTREAL.

## Result Of the Labor Enquiry

Report of the Royal Commission Which Sat In B. C. Made Public Yesterday.

Western Federation of Miners' Organization Denounced--Unsolvable Problem.

"We feel quite free to admit that while much good can be accomplished by law legislation, the labor problem, so-called, is incapable of solution, and it will be with us as long as human nature remains what it is, and present civilization endures."—Final paragraph in report of the Royal Labor commission, which instituted an inquiry into conditions in this province.

The report of the Royal Labor commission which sat in this province during the spring and summer months, inquiring into industrial conditions, was made public yesterday. The report is a very voluminous document. The general conclusions of the commissioners are, of themselves, exhaustive. They open by emphasizing the duty of employers and employees to deal with each other in the proper manner, and to recognize the right of each to the product of his own labor. They declare that the spread of unionism has altered altogether the relations of employer and employee, and that the latter demands now a reasonable share of the product of his own labor. It even goes further, and forebodes that in the near future these men will occupy positions of co-contractors with their former employers. The commission declares that the right of men to belong to a union or not, is unquestioned, while, at the same time, declaring the right of every employer to hire whom he chooses as a condition of employment. It also recommends that the right of every employer to hire whom he chooses should be recognized, but that it should be subject to the right of the union to refuse to employ anyone who is not a member of the union. They do not find, therefore, in regard to the right of strikes for recognition, but admit that they are the natural outcome of the industrial development. They add, that unions can best secure recognition by convincing employers that it is to their interest to deal with union men. Foreign control of these organizations, they declare, is not a matter of concern to the Canadian members, with one or two exceptions. They think that present objections to foreign control could be overcome by parliamentary enactment, rendering valid and binding all agreements between employer and employee irrespective of anything in the constitution of international labor organizations. The commissioners declare strongly against the organization, particularly the Western Federation of Miners and U. B. R. T., which have drifted into socialism, and state that they ought to be declared illegal.

They express the opinion that the spirit of legitimate trade unionism ought to be encouraged and protected, while irresponsible ones of socialist tendencies should be prohibited and declared illegal. They therefore suggest provision for the constitution of which shall provide that no strike shall be declared without at least thirty days' notice to the employer, except where the employer is attempting to change the conditions of employment to the disadvantage of the employees. That there should be at least two-thirds majority in its favor, voting to be by ballot that no strike be declared which shall be in violation of any contract not already violated by the employer, and that all disagreements with employer be settled without the interference of any person residing within the Dominion, except with mutual consent.

To protect the union, it ought to be made an offence for the employer to discriminate against or discharge any member of an incorporated union, for that reason. On the other hand, there should be no discrimination on account of membership or non-membership in a union, either by employer or by union men. To protect benefit funds from mismanagement, the commissioners advise that the trustees, and that these should not be liable to answer any judgments other than those relating to such funds. To prevent expense and delay, the commissioners recommend that no appeals be allowed excepting from the decision of the judge appealed from, or the Court of Appeals.

The learned commissioners approve of the union label. The best method of minimizing the danger of strikes and lockouts by legislation, they believe, is by compelling publicity in the early stages of the trouble. No strike or lockout should be allowed without at least thirty days' notice. Where these do take place, a statement of the causes must be filed on the opposite party, with notice to the Supreme Court and the Minister of Labor, at least three weeks previously.

They strongly urge employers and employees to foster a spirit of conciliation, and to encourage the establishment of boards of conciliation. Compulsory investigation might sometimes be employed to advantage. Compulsory arbitration is also approved as a last resort.

They therefore suggest that the Governor-in-Council be given authority in such cases to notify the parties by proclamation, that unless the dispute is settled by a certain time, it shall be referred to the court, which shall have power to investigate, decide and award, said decision to be binding for a period not exceeding one year. This jurisdiction should not be open to be invoked by either party, but only exercised by the Governor-in-Council, whenever the trouble has assumed the dimensions which threaten the general weal.

Where the trouble affects more than one province, the court in question shall be the Exchequer Court of Canada. They warn workmen against hastily uniting with organizations with the aims and constitutions of which they are not familiar.

They urge caution in the selection of labor leaders. They recommend that the foreign labor agitator be dealt with by statute, and his offences, if he has not resided in the country for more than a year, made punishable by law.

The also believe it necessary to penalize the violation of contracts, as well as the sympathetic strikes. The evidence submitted, of a tendency on the part of employers to combine in a black-listing scheme, they declare to be a natural consequence of the right of the employer to hire whom he chooses. The unfair list, and the sympathetic strike, all of them they declare to be reprehensible and wrong.

Hours should be shortened, they declare, so that a man would have to work only long enough to make his employment a pleasurable exercise instead of exhausting toil.

Extended and painstaking experiments with formalin injections in animals suffering from inoculated septicaemia in the laboratory of New York health department, show conclusively that formalin, the recently vaunted cure for blood poisoning, is more injurious to the normal blood cells than to the bacteria whose products are poisoning the blood.

## Dyspepsia

Don't think you can cure your dyspepsia in any other way than by strengthening and toning your stomach.

That is weak and incapable of performing its functions, probably because you have imposed upon it in one way or another over and over again.

You should take

## Hood's Sarsaparilla

It strengthens and tones the stomach, and permanently cures dyspepsia and all stomach troubles. Accept no substitute.

## MINING PROSPECTS IN ATLIN CAMP

S. M. Macaulay Says Excellent Results Are Now Being Obtained.

"The quartz properties of Atlin will make it one of the permanent and everlasting gold-producing regions of this continent."

Such is the statement of Mr. Samuel M. Macaulay, the pioneer quartz man of the Atlin district, one of the successful contestants for the title to the famous Yellow Jacket property on Pine creek, upon which is situated the only stamp mill in the whole Atlin district.

Mr. Macaulay came down on the Amur to Vancouver yesterday morning. "Atlin is now one of the best camps in the country, and it is going to get better for years to come," said Mr. Macaulay, in an interview. "His quartz properties will make it one of the great gold-producing regions of the continent. The Yellow Jacket is being prospected with a small mill and eight to ten men, and it is showing as well as those who have been in law over it for years could hope. It was worth fighting for."

The hydraulic companies are doing more work this year than ever before, but with the winter coming on, the work of the best years are yet in the future. The Pine Creek Property is making big cleanups regularly. It is working forty men. The French company on Spruce creek, under the management of Boulette, took out five hundred ounces in a month, with a small plant and a small but well-paid crew of men.

## THE AMERICAN MINING ENGINEERS

Great Loss to the Province By Cancellation of Their Visit.

At the Grand hotel a representative of the Colonist had the pleasure of a short interview with a gentleman who is largely interested in the mining developments of the Island in particular, and of the province in general. He spoke most regretfully of the failure to secure a visit from the American Institute of Mining Engineers, who had determined to pay a visit of inspection to the Island, and in particular to this and the Coast generally.

All arrangements had been made, the itinerary prepared, and advance notices had been sent out, but at the last moment it was found that the American Institute of Mining Engineers, who had determined to pay a visit of inspection to the Island, and in particular to this and the Coast generally.

The gentleman mentioned pointed out that this was nothing short of a misfortune to the Island, because the members of the Institute would have been able to do infinitely more in the way of advertising the splendid advantages of the Island from a mining point of view than any number of newspaper men, no matter how many and how good, could do. He pointed out that the Institute would have been an expert in mining matters, perfectly capable of forming a correct judgment in every case affecting mining, and the public interest. He pointed out that the Institute would have been a magnificent asset upon the great world of capital. A visit paid by a somewhat similar body to one of the neighboring states of the Union had resulted in the investment of upwards of fifty millions of dollars of capital in the mines of that state.

"Those," he concluded, "are the men whom you want to look out for, not the newspaper men. These men can do your province more good than any number of newspaper men, saving your presence, for the public that has money to put into mines do not want the opinions of newspaper men, but they want the opinions of men who know what they are talking about, and don't talk for the sake of making a pretty article. Not that the newspaper men don't do a lot of good for their country, but you don't want opinions on such intricate subjects as mining from any but men who have spent their lives in acquiring the knowledge that means money every time that knowledge is told."

"I tell you, the visit to this Island of the American Institute of Mining Engineers would probably have meant the investment, sooner or later, of millions of capital from the United Kingdom, for, of course, know what this Island is as a mining field. It was a thousand pities the transportation could not be arranged."

"And they can't come next year, for

**DR. FOWLER'S EXTRACT OF WILD STRAWBERRY**

Is without a doubt the safest and most reliable remedy in existence for Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Colic, Cramps, Pain in the Stomach, Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Sea Sickness, and all Summer Complaints.

It has been a household remedy for nearly sixty years.

Its effects are instantaneous and it does not leave the bowels constipated.

Don't accept substitutes. They're dangerous.

## THE PHOENIX LAGER

Absolutely Pure The Best and Cheapest in the Market

## A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.

Itching, Bleeding, Protruding Piles. No cure, no pay. All druggists are authorized by the manufacturers of Pile Ointment to refund the money where it fails to cure any case of piles, no matter of how long standing. Cures ordinary cases in six days; the worst cases in fourteen days. One application gives ease and relief. Relieves itching instantly. This is a new discovery and it is the only pile remedy sold on a positive guarantee, no cure, no pay. Price 50c. If your druggist hasn't it in stock send 20 cents in stamps to the Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo., who also manufacture Laxative Bromo-Quinine, the celebrated Cold Cure.

## Boy's Stockings

When boy's stockings cost \$4 little as these, what's the use of darning? They really encourage laziness, but then this is lazy weather.

At any rate, here are the world famous McCreck Stockings for boys, made of heavy, fast black, ribbed cotton, spilled heels and toes; are absolutely reliable, hard wearing stockings, in all sizes, for 25c. a pair.

**W. G. CAMERON**  
VICTORIA'S CHEAPEST CASH CLOTHIER.  
55 JOHNSON ST.

## Queen's Head Galvanized Iron.

Works best, lies flattest, and lasts longest, therefore is the cheapest. Every sheet guaranteed.

MANUFACTURED BY JOHN LYSAGHT, Limited. A. G. LESLIE & CO., MONTREAL. Managers Canadian Branch.

## \$10,000.00

THE STRAND HOTEL ST. LEGER SWEEP

Limited to \$10,000.00

CONDITIONS

Money to be divided as follows:  
First horse ..... 40 p.c.  
Second horse ..... 20 "  
Third horse ..... 20 "  
Divided among starters, being non-winners ..... 10 "  
Divided among horses, being non-starters ..... 20 "

Making a Grand Total of 191 Prizes

Under the supervision of officials of the Vancouver Jockey Club and the sporting editors of the local papers. To be drawn at the Strand Hotel on TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1903.

Race to be run on Wednesday, September 9, 1903. Tickets \$1 each, etc.

Harry Salmon's

Cor. Yates and Gov't St

## CAMPBELL &amp; GULLIN

TOBACCONISTS

INFORMATION BUREAU, PAPERS.

BOX 108 PHONE 12

Cor. Govt. St., Troncoe Ave

## AUCTION SALE

I am instructed by Mr. G. W. McLeland to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION on the premises, Oak Bay, most valuable furniture and effects on

August 25th, 2 p.m.

Particulars later.

F. J. BITTENCOURT, Auctioneer.

## CITY AUCTION MART

58 Broad Street.

## W. JONES.

Dominion Government Auctioneer.

Appraiser, Real Estate and Commission Agent.

## Sales Every Tuesday

House Furniture bought outright for cash.

Residential Sales a Specialty.

Will fill appointments in city or country.

## LEMP'S

This is the season for Beer, and Lemp's St. Louis "EXTRA PALE" is the best bottled beer on the market today. So say all who are judges. It is simply perfect, contains all the qualities which go to make up a perfect beer. It is pale in color, light and sparkling; it is made from hops and retains its full hop flavor. No other beer but Lemp's. All Hotels, Clubs, restaurants and first class Bars, throughout British Columbia are supplied with Lemp's. They have tried other much advertised Beers, but all "fall back" on this favorite brand. Your refreshment list is incomplete without it. Always the same; never changes in quality.

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Sole Agents for British Columbia. Victoria, B. C.

## ESQUIMALT PROPERTY

Sections 30, 47, 48 and 49, between The Esquimalt Road and the Sea, have been recently divided into acre and half acre lots. A number of these have very desirable water frontage. For prices apply to

**A. W. JONES OR BEAUMONT BOGGS**

## W. G. CAMERON

VICTORIA'S CHEAPEST CASH CLOTHIER.

55 JOHNSON ST.

## Closing Sale of Men's Suits

\$8.00 SUITS NOW \$6.75; \$12.00 SUITS NOW \$10.00.

**ARTHUR HOLMES** 78 YATES STREET, CORNER BROAD

## Handsome Diningroom For a Few Days

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Extension Tables from ..... \$7.50, \$10, \$12, \$14, \$16, \$18, \$20, \$22, \$24, \$26, \$28, \$30, \$32, \$34, \$36, \$38, \$40, \$42, \$44, \$46, \$48, \$50, \$52, \$54, \$56, \$58, \$60, \$62, \$64, \$66, \$68, \$70, \$72, \$74, \$76, \$78, \$80, \$82, \$84, \$86, \$88, \$90, \$92, \$94, \$96, \$98, \$100.  
Sideboards ..... \$14, \$17, \$20, \$23, \$26, \$29, \$32, \$35, \$38, \$41, \$44, \$47, \$50, \$53, \$56, \$59, \$62, \$65, \$68, \$71, \$74, \$77, \$80, \$83, \$86, \$89, \$92, \$95, \$98, \$101, \$104, \$107, \$110, \$113, \$116, \$119, \$122, \$125, \$128, \$131, \$134, \$137, \$140, \$143, \$146, \$149, \$152, \$155, \$158, \$161, \$164, \$167, \$170, \$173, \$176, \$179, \$182, \$185, \$188, \$191, \$194, \$197, \$200, \$203, \$206, \$209, \$212, \$215, \$218, \$221, \$224, \$227, \$230, \$233, \$236, \$239, \$242, \$245, \$248, \$251, \$254, \$257, \$260, \$263, \$266, \$269, \$272, \$275, \$278, \$281, \$284, \$287, \$290, \$293, \$296, \$299, \$302, \$305, \$308, \$311, \$314, \$317, \$320, \$323, \$326, \$329, \$332, \$335, \$338, \$341, \$344, \$347, \$350, \$353, \$356, \$359, \$362, \$365, \$368, \$371, \$374, \$377, \$380, \$383, \$386, \$389, \$392, \$395, \$398, \$401, \$404, \$407, \$410, \$413, \$416, \$419, \$422, \$425, \$428, \$431, \$434, \$437, \$440, \$443, \$446, \$449, \$452, \$455, \$458, \$461, \$464, \$467, \$470, \$473, \$476, \$479, \$482, \$485, \$488, \$491, \$494, \$497, \$500, \$503, \$506, \$509, \$512, \$515, \$518, \$521, \$524, \$527, \$530, \$533, \$536, \$539, \$542, \$545, \$548, \$551, \$554, \$557, \$560, \$563, \$566, \$569, \$572, \$575, \$578, \$581, \$584, \$587, \$590, \$593, \$596, \$599, \$602, \$605, \$608, \$611, \$614, \$617, \$620, \$623, \$626, \$629, \$632, \$635, \$638, \$641, \$644, \$647, \$650, \$653, \$656, \$659, \$662, \$665, \$668, \$671, \$674, \$677, \$680, \$683, \$686, \$689, \$692, \$695, \$698, \$701, \$704, \$707, \$710, \$713, \$716, \$719, \$722, \$725, \$728, \$731, \$734, \$737, \$740, \$743, \$746, \$749, \$752, \$755, \$758, \$761, \$764, \$767, \$770, \$773, \$776, \$779, \$782, \$785, \$788, \$791, \$794, \$797, \$800, \$803, \$806, \$809, \$812, \$815, \$818, \$821, \$824, \$827, \$830, \$833, \$836, \$839, \$842, \$845, \$848, \$851, \$854, \$857, \$860, \$863, \$866, \$869, \$872, \$875, \$878, \$881, \$884, \$887, \$890, \$893, \$896, \$899, \$902, \$905, \$908, \$911, \$914, \$917, \$920, \$923, \$926, \$929, \$932, \$935, \$938, \$941, \$944, \$947, \$950, \$953, \$956, \$959, \$962, \$965, \$968, \$971, \$974, \$977, \$980, \$983, \$986, \$989, \$992, \$995, \$998, \$1001, \$1004, \$1007, \$1010, \$1013, \$1016, \$1019, \$1022, \$1025, \$1028, \$1031, \$1034, \$1037, \$1040, \$1043, \$1046, \$1049, \$1052, \$1055, \$1058, \$1061, \$1064, \$1067, \$1070, \$1073, \$1076, \$1079, \$1082, \$1085, \$1088, \$1091, \$1094, \$1097, \$1100, \$1103, \$1106, \$1109, \$1112, \$1115, \$1118, \$1121, \$1124, \$1127, \$1130, \$1133, \$1136, \$1139, \$1142, \$1145, \$1148, \$1151, \$1154, \$1157, \$1160, \$1163, \$1166, \$1169, \$1172, \$1175, \$1178, \$1181, \$1184, \$1187, \$1190, \$1193, \$1196, \$1199, \$1202, \$1205, \$1208, \$1211, \$1214, \$1217, \$1220, \$1223, \$1226, \$1229, \$1232, \$1235, \$1238, \$1241, \$1244, \$1247, \$1250, \$1253, \$1256, \$1259, \$1262, \$1265, \$1268, \$1271, \$1274, \$1277, \$1280, \$1283, \$1286, \$1289, \$1292, \$1295, \$1298, \$1301, \$1304, \$1307, \$1310, \$1313, \$1316, \$1319, \$1322, \$1325, \$1328, \$1331, \$1334, \$1337, \$1340, \$1343, \$1346, \$1349, \$1352, \$1355, \$1358, \$1361, \$1364, \$1367, \$1370, \$1373, \$1376, \$1379, \$1382, \$1385, \$1388, \$1391, \$1394, \$1397, \$1400, \$1403, \$1406, \$1409, \$1412, \$1415, \$1418, \$1421, \$1424, \$1427, \$1430, \$1433, \$1436, \$1439, \$1442, \$1445, \$1448, \$1451, \$1454, \$1457, \$1460, \$1463, \$1466, \$1469, \$1472, \$1475, \$1478, \$1481, \$1484, \$1487, \$1490, \$1493, \$1496, \$1499, \$1502, \$1505, \$1508, \$1511, \$1514, \$1517, \$1520, \$1523, \$1526, \$1529, \$1532, \$1535, \$1538, \$1541, \$1544, \$1547, \$1550, \$1553, \$1556, \$1559, \$1562, \$1565, \$1568, \$1571, \$1574, \$1577, \$1580, \$1583, \$1586, \$1589, \$1592, \$1595, \$1598, \$1601, \$1604, \$1607, \$1610, \$1613, \$1616, \$1619, \$1622, \$1625, \$1628, \$1631, \$1634, \$1637, \$1640, \$1643, \$1646, \$1649, \$1652, \$1655, \$1658, \$1661, \$1664, \$1667, \$1670, \$1673, \$1676, \$1679, \$1682, \$1685, \$1688, \$1691, \$1694, \$1697, \$1700, \$1703, \$1706, \$1709, \$1712, \$1715, \$1718, \$1721, \$1724, \$1727, \$1730, \$1733, \$1736, \$1739, \$1742, \$1745, \$1748, \$1751, \$1754, \$1757, \$1760, \$1763, \$1766, \$1769, \$1772, \$1775, \$1778, \$1781, \$1784, \$1787, \$1790, \$1793, \$1796, \$1799, \$1802, \$1805, \$1808, \$1811, \$1814, \$1817, \$1820, \$1823, \$1826, \$1829, \$1832, \$1835, \$1838, \$1841, \$1844, \$1847, \$1850, \$1853, \$1856, \$1859, \$1862, \$1865, \$1868, \$1871, \$1874, \$1877, \$1880, \$1883, \$1886, \$1889, \$1892, \$1895, \$1898, \$1901, \$1904, \$1907, \$1910, \$1913, \$1916, \$1919, \$1922, \$1925, \$1928, \$1931, \$1934, \$1937, \$1940, \$1943, \$1946, \$1949, \$1952, \$1955, \$1958, \$1961, \$1964